

The strategic role of a complete yaw system in modern wind turbines

Next-generation wind turbines demand more than incremental upgrades. By rethinking the yaw system as a fully integrated solution, operators can capture more energy, extend component life and reduce total cost of ownership.

As wind turbines grow ever larger, reaching outputs of 21 MW and beyond offshore, the yaw system has become critical to keeping them performing reliably over the long term. More than a mere orientation mechanism, the yaw system, when designed as a fully integrated solution combining motor, gearbox and inverter, becomes a fundamental component for maximizing energy production, reducing mechanical stress and enabling intelligent, predictive maintenance.

With 30 years of experience in drive technology within the wind sector, Bonfiglioli has developed a fully integrated yaw drive solution

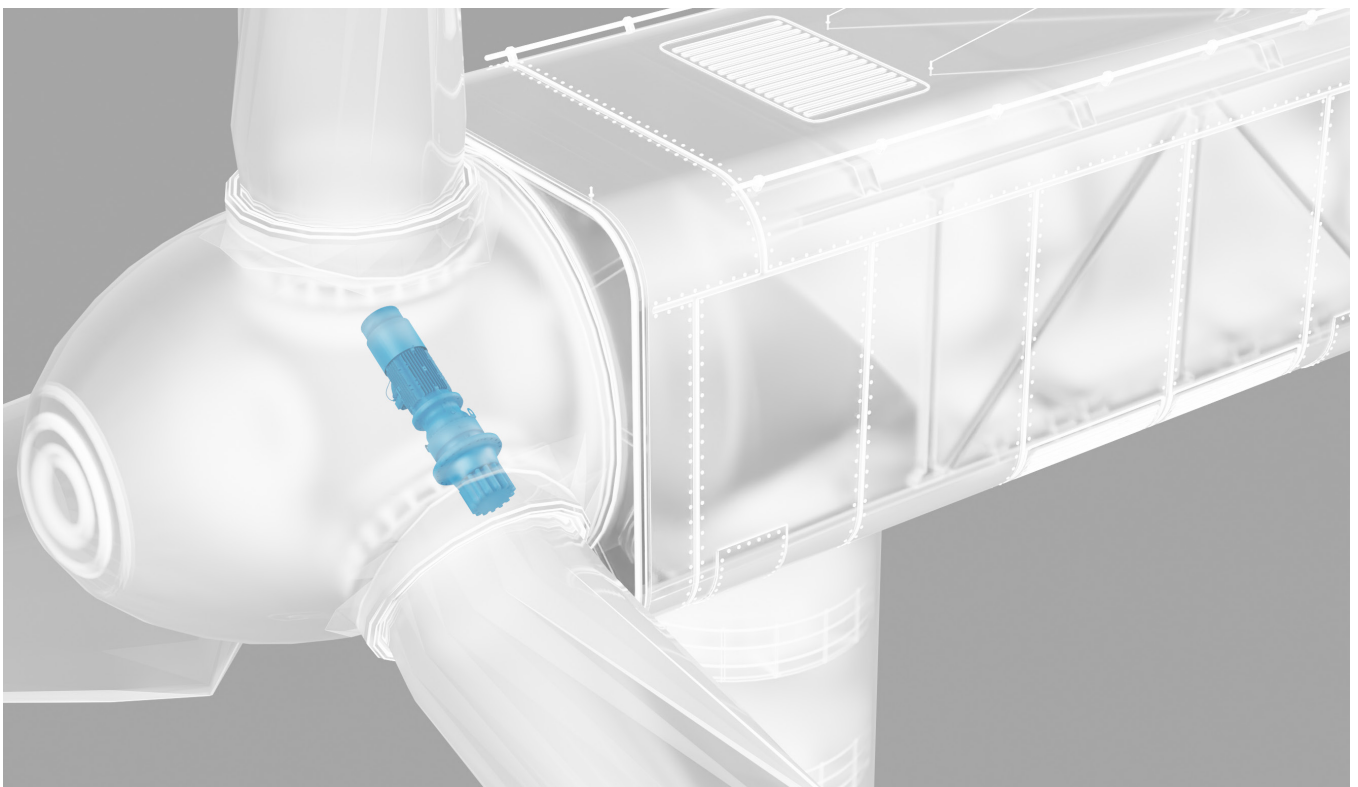
specifically engineered to meet the demands of modern, large-scale wind turbines. This solution combines inverter-controlled motors, precision gearboxes and advanced control systems into a unified architecture capable of withstanding the mechanical and environmental stresses typical of both onshore and offshore installations.

Precision alignment for maximum energy capture

A yaw system controlled by an inverter offers a level of precision and responsiveness far beyond traditional approaches. The inverter regulates motor torque and speed in real-time,

enabling the nacelle to follow even small directional changes in wind flow. The result is a consistently optimized rotor orientation, reducing downtime associated with realignment and improving the overall energy yield. Particularly in offshore installations, where turbine accessibility is limited and production losses are costly, this capability represents a tangible competitive advantage.

One of the key benefits of an inverter-driven system lies in how it moderates mechanical behaviour. Unlike systems with abrupt engagement, the inverter enables soft start and stop sequences for yaw movements.



Acceleration and deceleration occur through controlled ramps, minimizing shock loads on the gearbox, bearings and ring gear. Over time, this smooth operation significantly extends the lifespan of mechanical components, leading to fewer unplanned maintenance events and a reduction in lifecycle costs.

Additionally, the ability to finely regulate torque allows for better load distribution across the yaw ring, alleviating stress concentrations and enhancing the structural integrity of the entire nacelle assembly.

System protection and risk mitigation

The inverter also plays a critical role in ensuring system protection during high wind events. When yawing is not required, the nacelle must be held securely in position to prevent uncontrolled rotation. This is typically achieved by yaw brakes, but the inverter further contributes by applying counter-torque, reducing the load on mechanical locking systems and optimizing the cable untwist phase.

In a yaw system without active control logic, repeated nacelle rotation in one direction can over-twist the internal power and signal cables. If not corrected, this condition may lead to electrical faults and downtime. The inverter's integrated logic detects excessive rotation and initiates counter-yawing to untwist cables before a critical threshold is reached.

Beyond operational efficiency and structural protection, the integration of inverter technology opens new possibilities for condition monitoring and proactive

maintenance. Inverters are inherently data-rich devices, constantly measuring parameters such as motor current, voltage, frequency and temperature.

This data offers insights not only into motor behaviour, but also into mechanical coupling quality, friction changes and potential gearbox anomalies. By analyzing trends over time, operators can detect early signs of degradation and plan interventions before faults occur. This transition from reactive to predictive maintenance minimizes emergency repairs and allows servicing to be scheduled during low-wind periods, reducing production losses and improving resource allocation.

The digital dimension of the inverter becomes particularly relevant as wind turbines increasingly rely on cloud-based platforms and IoT frameworks for fleet management. Bonfiglioli's concept, showcased at Brazil Windpower and Windenergy India, is a complete Plug & Play solution which combines inverter, servodrives and motors. Supported by dedicated IoT algorithms and a dashboard, it minimizes machine downtimes, while cross-platform tools help manage the whole system, reducing customer application development and commissioning times.

For wind turbines, Bonfiglioli has developed an integrated solution consisting of yaw system, an inverter, a controller and an on-demand software library to meet any customer's needs. A single interface and simplified supply that guarantee an efficient and seamless operation management. With inverter integration as standard, the yaw system can become a fully connected node within the

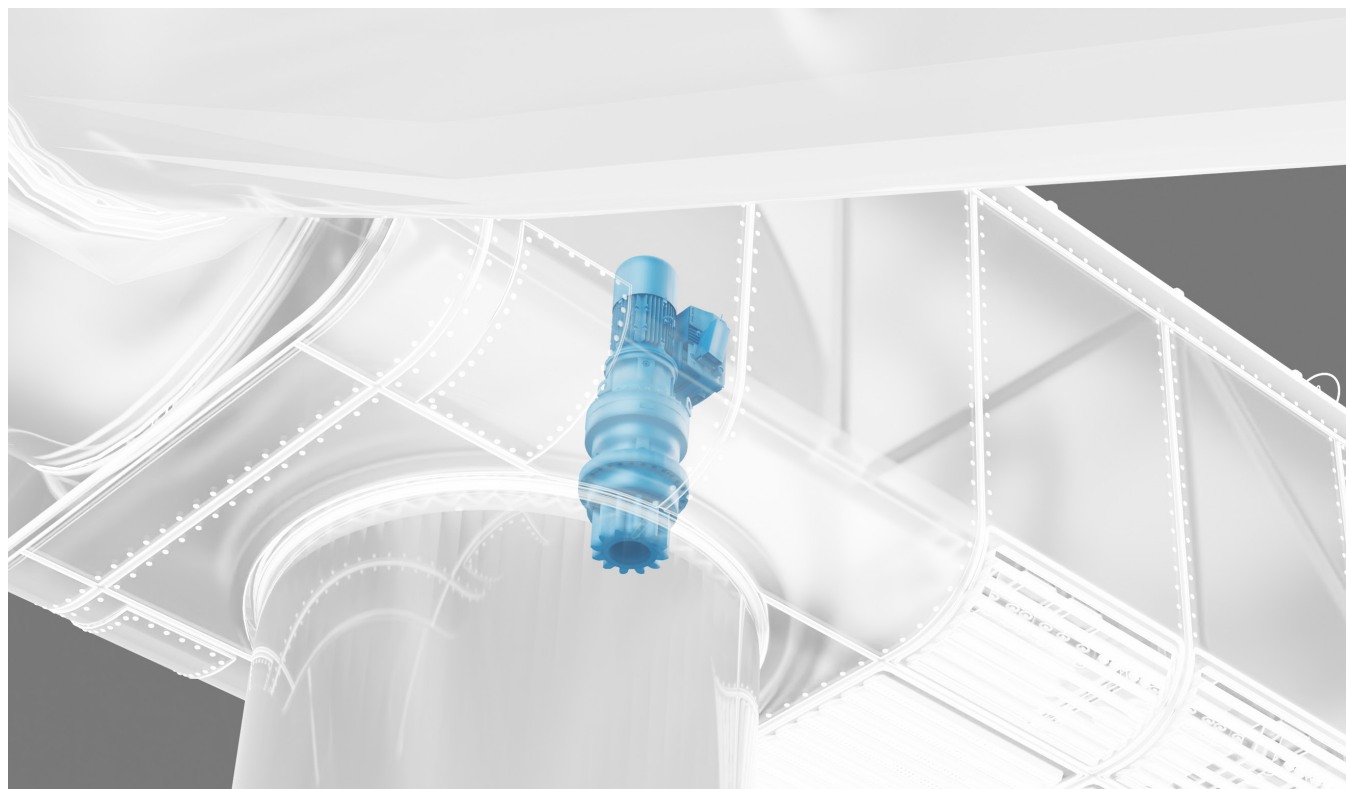
turbine's monitoring architecture, feeding real-time status and diagnostic data to remote operations centers.

Bonfiglioli's inverter systems are already designed to support such integration, providing seamless connectivity for digital asset management and remote diagnostics. For offshore installations, where technician access is constrained by weather and logistics, this capability is essential for efficient asset management and cost control.

Modular integration: a simplified, unified architecture

Another critical advantage of a fully integrated yaw system is the modular architecture that results when the motor, gearbox and inverter are developed as a cohesive unit. Traditionally, these components are sourced independently and must be adapted to work together, requiring engineering effort and creating potential compatibility issues. In contrast, an integrated system eliminates these concerns. The components are designed to operate in concert, with electrical and mechanical interfaces fully aligned.

Bonfiglioli's integrated yaw solution is engineered as a single, unified system, simplifying both installation and long-term service. From a technical support perspective, this single-source model simplifies fault diagnostics and responsibility. If a malfunction occurs, there is no ambiguity over which component is to blame or which supplier to contact, one partner is accountable for the performance of the entire yaw drive system.





This reduction in system complexity is particularly important during turbine commissioning, when minimizing integration and testing time is a clear objective. It also pays dividends during the operational life of the turbine, as the number of unique components in the nacelle is reduced, spare parts inventories are simplified and training requirements for maintenance personnel are lower. In a sector where operational margins are tight and every hour of downtime has financial consequences, such simplifications can have a significant impact.

Lifecycle efficiency and Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)

It is worth noting that while direct cost remains a central concern in wind turbine procurement, the indirect costs associated with downtime, repairs and system inefficiencies are equally important, if not more so. The pressure to reduce initial capital expenditures often leads to sub-optimal decisions, such as sourcing yaw system components separately to reduce unit prices. However, this short-term cost saving can be quickly offset by higher total cost of ownership (TCO), especially when maintenance complexity or component failures increase over time.

An integrated yaw solution offers a pathway to TCO optimization by ensuring long-term reliability, simplifying service logistics and improving turbine availability. Bonfiglioli actively supports customers in shifting the focus from initial purchase price to long-term operational value, promoting a system-based approach that accounts for both direct and indirect lifecycle costs.

In this context, offshore wind installations exemplify the case for integrated systems. The harsh operating environment, characterized by salt exposure, humidity, vibration and difficult access, demands robust, low-maintenance components. The logistical cost of accessing a turbine for unplanned maintenance is significantly higher offshore than onshore. Therefore, any technology that can reduce the frequency or unpredictability of such interventions has an immediate economic rationale.

A yaw system that proactively prevents failures, extends component life and feeds health data into the turbine's remote monitoring system is not just a technical enhancement; it is a strategic investment.

In conclusion, the yaw drive is far more than a rotational mechanism; it is a system that directly influences the efficiency, durability and maintainability of a wind turbine. When delivered as a fully integrated package, including motor, gearbox and inverter, it provides a high-performance, digitally enabled foundation for next-generation turbines. It improves energy capture through precise control, protects structural components through soft mechanical engagement and proactive locking and supports predictive maintenance through real-time diagnostics.

As wind turbines grow in size and complexity, especially in offshore settings, the yaw system must evolve accordingly. Fully integrated yaw drive solutions are not only a response to these technical demands, but also a catalyst for lowering operational costs, improving availability and unlocking the full potential of wind energy. Bonfiglioli's commitment to integrated, high-efficiency drive solutions places it at the forefront of this evolution, helping OEMs and operators alike meet the challenges of today's and tomorrow's wind technologies.

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